

ROTEIRO DE ESTUDO / ATIVIDADE

UME AYRTON SENNA DA SILVA

ANO: 9ºA/B/C/D COMPONENTE CURRICULAR: Inglês

PROFESSOR: Ana Paula

PERÍODO DE 23/07/2021 a 05/08/2021

ALUNO :

Atividades	Orientações
Relative pronouns and Question tag	- Link de acesso ao Portal da Educação https://www.santos.sp.gov.br/portal/ume-ayrton-senna-da-silva
Pronomes relativos e "Question tag" (marcação de pergunta)	Colocar nome completo, número e ano Leia o conteúdo, assista aos vídeos e faça as atividades. Entregar: 05/08/21 pelo e-mail 9abcdtarefa@gmail.com Indicação de vídeos: Pronomes relativos: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-iUJDQnfhE4 uso de whom e who . https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fZGeLzqIKQ0 Question tag: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MHaITbZY_xk
ATIVIDADE 10	

RELATIVE PRONOUNS/ PRONOMES RELATIVOS

Os " relative pronouns " ligam duas orações mais simples em uma única oração,mais complexa.

WHO (que) E/ OU THAT (que): SÃO USADOS PARA FALAR DE PESSOAS.

Ex.: A scientist is a person who/that studies science.(O cientista é a pessoa que estuda ciência)

WHICH (que) E/OU THAT (que): SÃO USADOS PARA FALAR DE COISAS INANIMADAS. Ex.: The book which/that is on the chair is about life in 2050. It's very good. (O livro que está sobre a cadeira é sobre a vida em 2050.É muito bom.)

WHERE (onde):É USADO PARA INDICAR LUGAR. Ex.: He visited São Paulo,where his sister lives.(Ele visitou São Paulo onde a irmã dele mora.)

WHOSE (cujo(s)/cuja(s)):É USADO PARA INDICAR POSSE. Ex.:

Mary,whose mother is American, wasn't born in New York. (Mary ,cuja mãe é americana, não nasceu em Nova Iorque.)

Usa-se apenas that ou omite-se: Depois de vírgula não se usa that nem se omite o pronome, usa-se outro.

1.Quando houver dois antecedentes (pessoa e animal ou pessoa e coisa) Ex.: I know the writers and the books that (objeto) he mentioned.(Eu conheço os escritores e os livros que ele mencionou.)

2.Após Adjetivos no Superlativo, FIRST e LAST. Exs.: She is the oldest woman that (sujeito-não pode ser omitido) has come here.(Ela é a mulher mais velha que veio aqui) This is the last book that (objeto) I read this week.(Este é o último livro que eu li esta semana.)

3.Após ALL,ONLY,EVERYTHING,NONE,SOME,ANY,NO (e seus compostos). Ex.: He received everything that I (objeto) sent him.(Ele recebeu tudo que enviei para ele.)

1-Fill in the blanks with relative pronouns.(Preencha os espaços em branco com pronomes relativos : who, which, that, whose, whom)

a-My brother, _____ you saw yesterday,wants to speak to you.

b-The man to _____ you spoke is my teacher.

c-Swimming, _____ is a good sport, makes people Strong

d-My brother works in the hospital _____ is located on Moody Street.

e-This is the boy _____ had an accident last week.

f-Please, bring me the file _____ is on the table.

g-I met Mr. Brown _____ brother is from Michigan.

h-A credit card is a piece of plastic, _____ carries information electronically.

i-That is the woman _____ I sent the flowers.

j-A woman _____ mobile was ringing didn't know what to do.

k-Who took the money _____ was in my wallet?

l-Nancy is the kind of person _____ will never let you down.

m-_____ you need now is to take a good rest.

QUESTION TAG/TAG QUESTIONS

Uso:

1-É sempre formada por um verbo auxiliar e um pronome:Ex.: You are not(aren't) late today,are(auxiliar) e you(pronome)?(Você não está atrasado hoje,né?)

2-Quando a frase é negativa, a Tag Question é afirmativa:Ex.: You aren't late today, are you?(Você não está atrasado hoje,né?)

3-Quando a frase é afirmativa, a Tag Question é negativa:Ex.: You are late today, aren't you?(Você está atrasado hoje,né?)

Presente Simple:

Sheila likes coffee,doesn't she?(Sheila gosta de café,não gosta?)

Lucas doesn't like coffee,does she?(Lucas não gosta de café,gosta?)

I'm your friend, am I not? — Eu sou seu amigo, não sou?

I'm your friend, aren't I? — Eu sou seu amigo, não sou?

I'm not in this group, am I?— Eu não estou neste grupo, estou?

Passado Simple:

You wrote the letter, didn't you?(Você escreveu a carta , (você)não escreveu?)

You didn't write the letter, did you?(Você não escreveu a carta, escreveu?)

Futuro Simple:

Mary will travel, won't she? (Mary vai viajar /viajará,não vai/ não viajará?)

Mary won't travel, will she?(Mary não viajará/não vai viajar, viajará /vai viajar?)

Present Perfect:

Paul has arrived, hasn't he? (Paul chegou, não chegou?)

Paul hasn't arrived, has he? (Paul não chegou, chegou?)

1-Complete com o Tag Question:

a) He is early, _____?

b) You won't cry, _____?

c) You have been to Rio, _____?

Question Tags

Match these statements to their correct question tags from these below. The first sentence is done for you.

☒ doesn't he?

☐ aren't I?

☐ had he?

☐ are they?

☐ hasn't he?

☐ did it?

☐ isn't it?

☐ didn't they?

☐ could they?

☐ shouldn't they?

☐ has it?

☐ have you?

☐ shall we?

☐ will you?

☐ does it?

☐ hasn't there?

☐ doesn't she?

☐ wasn't it?

☐ aren't they?

☐ is it?

☐ were there?

☐ can't they?

☐ am I?

☐ won't they?

- Uncle Mike travels around the world for business, doesn't he?
- The police found some fingerprints on the wall, _____?
- That didn't seem a very important article on the topic, _____?
- The monster of Loch Ness has never existed, _____?
- Nobody could hear it in the middle of the night, _____?
- London was a Roman town once, _____?
- People will travel to Mars one day in the future, _____?
- Paul hadn't arrived when we went to sleep, _____?
- Let's buy mum a new television for Christmas, _____?
- Nothing interesting happens in this town, _____?
- There has been a lot of rain this autumn, _____?
- Everybody is going to attend Sarah's party, _____?
- I'm not disturbing you with my Chatter, _____?
- Your dad has been working in a factory for ages, _____?
- Peacocks can fly for short distances, _____?
- You have never been to New York, _____?
- It's impossible to explain how impressive is the view, _____?
- There weren't phones when Shakespeare lived, _____?
- This isn't the most polluted river in the world, _____?
- The waitress listens to guests' conversations, _____?
- Everybody should have the same rights, _____?
- Ooops! I am a really forgetful person, _____?
- Teachers aren't usually impatient or unhelpful, _____?
- You won't have more doubts about this, _____?