



PREFEITURA DE SANTOS
Secretaria de Educação



ROTEIRO DE ESTUDO/ATIVIDADES 2º TRIMESTRE

UME: LOURDES ORTIZ

ANO: 9ºA, B, C, D.

COMPONENTE CURRICULAR: INGLÊS

PROFESSORA: JANAÍNA

PERÍODO: 7/06/21 À 21/06/21

ENVIO ATÉ: 21/06 ROTEIRO: 8/2021

ASSUNTO A SER ESTUDADO: SIMPLE PRESENT

EXPLICAÇÃO SOBRE O ASSUNTO ESTUDADO:

Hello students! How are you?

Não sei se vocês estudaram no 6º ou 7º ano, então vamos revisar esse assunto. Para eu falar sobre hábitos, coisas corriqueiras eu utilizo o Simple Present.

Exemplos:

1) Sra. Renata é professora de inglês.

Mrs. Renata is an English teacher.

2) Igor vai à escola todos os dias.

Igor (ou He) goes to school every day.

3) Cristiano Ronaldo é famoso.

Cristiano Ronaldo (ou He) is famous.

4) Tiago joga Free Fire e Rainbow 6 com seus amigos.

Tiago plays Free Fire and Rainbow 6 with his friends.

5) Monique ama assistir filmes de terror.

Monique (ou She) loves to watch horror movies.

6) I am tall and smart.

Eu sou alto (ou alta) e inteligente.

Como vocês repararam, eu fiz frases simples, sobre coisas do dia a dia. A única coisa que vocês não podem esquecer:

- Conjugação do verbo To Be: I am/ you are/ we are/ they are/ he-she-it is.
- Qualquer verbo, sem ser o verbo to be, sofre alterações **somente na 3ª pessoa** tanto nas frases afirmativas, como nas negativas. Vejam os exemplos:

FRASES AFIRMATIVAS	FRASES NEGATIVAS
+ I work. You work. He / She / It works. We work. You work. They work.	- I don't work. You don't work. He / She / It doesn't work. We don't work. You don't work. They don't work.

Tradução de DON'T = NÃO. (USAR COM I, you, we, they)

DOESN'T = NÃO. (SÓ POSSO USAR COM O HE, SHE, IT).

Olhe as regrinhas dos verbos somente na 3ª pessoa, he, she ou it:

⚠ Spelling *he/she/it* verb endings

Add *s* after most verbs: live – lives, play – plays, work – works

Add *es* after *ch, sh, s, x*: watch – watches, finish – finishes

Delete *y* and add *ies* for verbs that end in a consonant + *y*: study – studies

Irregular forms: do – does, go – goes, have – has

Verbo irregular: to have (ter) - He/She/It: has

Ex.: Eu tenho um celular. I have a cell phone.

- frase negativa: I don't have a cell phone.

Marili tem um celular. Marili has a cellphone.

She

- frase negativa: Marili doesn't have a cell phone.



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Por favor, só faça os exercícios depois de assistir os vídeos:

- 1) <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=bSeZlT7Og8I>
- 2) <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=a0naQW3g7AY>

ACTIVITY 1: Preencha com don't ou doesn't.

Fill in **don't** or **doesn't**:

1. Bill _____ play tennis every Sunday.
2. We _____ go to the park.
3. Kate _____ like to eat fish.
4. Sue _____ wear long dresses.
5. I _____ like to get up early.
6. My brothers _____ like to drink milk.
7. My cousin _____ know Italian well.
8. I _____ like to walk with my dog.
9. Pam _____ go to the gym.
10. They _____ understand this rule.



ACTIVITY 2:

GRAMMAR QUIZ

PRESENT SIMPLE

● Choose the best answers.

1. Sam ... his car every Saturday morning.
a) washing
b) wash
c) washes
2. Alicia ... science at a college in New York state.
a) study
b) studies
c) studying
3. Maggie likes math but she doesn't ... history.
a) like
b) likes
c) not like
4. ... our English class start at eight o'clock or at nine o'clock?
a) Does
b) Is
c) Are
5. What time ... you usually go to work on Tuesdays?
a) are
b) is
c) do
6. I'm a farmer and my brother is a fisherman. ... you do?
a) What do
b) What
c) What are
7. Denise ... very busy these days. She ... a new job.
a) is / has
b) have / is
c) is / have
8. I get to work by bus every morning. How ... get to work?
a) are you
b) you
c) do you
9. Singapore is located in Asia. It ... a big country.
a) do not
b) is not
c) not
10. Jim studies very hard because he ... become a doctor.
a) want to
b) want
c) wants to
11. My pet dog likes to chase balls but he ... chase cats.
a) doesn't like to
b) not like to
c) isn't likes to
12. Iceland ... a warm country, it's a very cold country.
a) doesn't
b) isn't
c) not
13. Carol likes her new apartment but her neighbors ... a little too noisy.
a) they are
b) are
c) is
14. (A) ... you have some free time?
(B) Yes, I
a) Do / do
b) Are / am
c) Is / do
15. Edward needs needs money for the bus but I ... any change to give him.
a) am not have
b) not have
c) don't have
16. My new English teacher's name ... Kim.
a) is
b) are
c) has

15 – 16 = Excellent

13 – 14 = Good

12 or Less = Study More!

ACTIVITY 3: envie uma música em inglês que tenha na sua letra verbos no Simple Present.

ATIVIDADES: **ATIVIDADES 1,2 e 3.**

RECOMENDAÇÕES:

- Por favor, assista os vídeos antes de fazer os exercícios, irão ajudar muito.
- Se possível, copie as regras no caderno.
- Lembre-se que não é necessário imprimir todas as folhas.
- Envie somente as respostas das Atividades 1, 2 e 3.
- Por favor, responda à caneta e não esqueça de colocar seu nome, número e série.

Thanks!

ONDE FAZER: Caderno ou on-line se você souber.

ATIVIDADE PARA NOTA: SIM

DEVERÁ SER ENVIADA AO PROFESSOR: sim

E-mail: profingl.mrsjane@gmail.com ou pelo Google Classroom

e-mail: janainabueno@educa.santos.sp.gov.br

Dúvidas, por favor, me enviem por aqui.

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SUGESTÕES: